

30<sup>th</sup> USENIX Security Symposium (USENIX Security 2021)  
<https://erebus-attack-countermeasures.github.io/>

# On the Routing-Aware Peering against Network-Eclipse Attacks in Bitcoin



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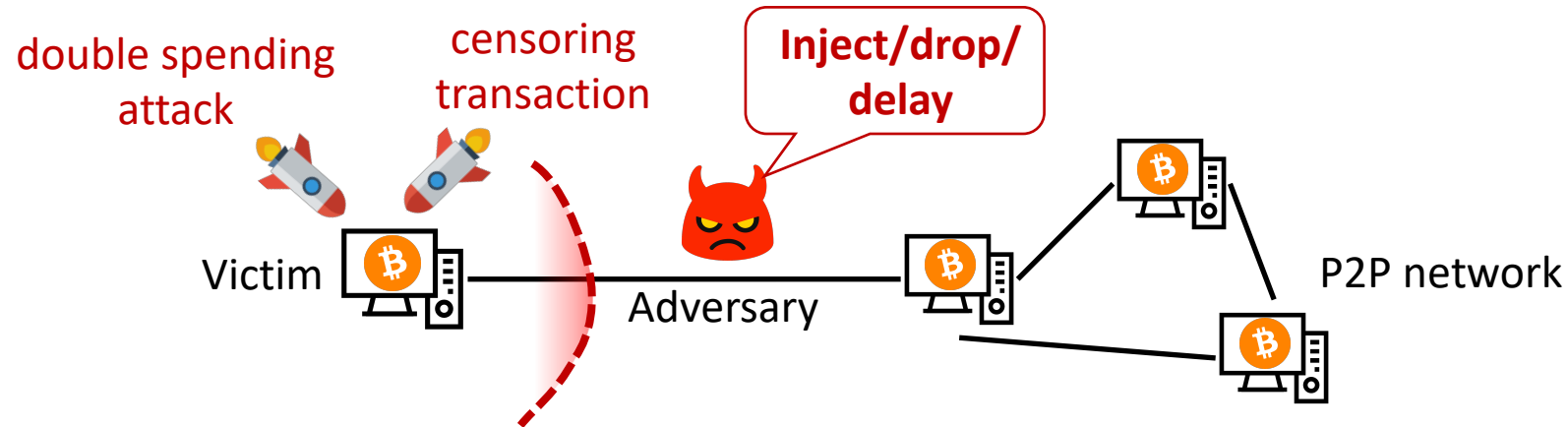


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KAIST



# *Partitioning attacks* against blockchain networks are *threatening*

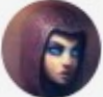
- *Isolate* targeted victim node(s) from the rest of *P2P network*



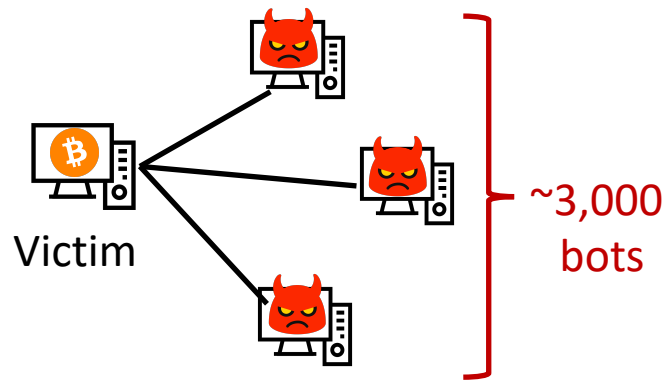
- *Real eclipse attack* against Monero network:
  - ✓ Several users had their *transactions dropped*

Yes, Monero Was Attacked... But No, It Was Not "Broken"

Author: Felix Mollen • Last Updated Nov 11, 2020 @ 06:26

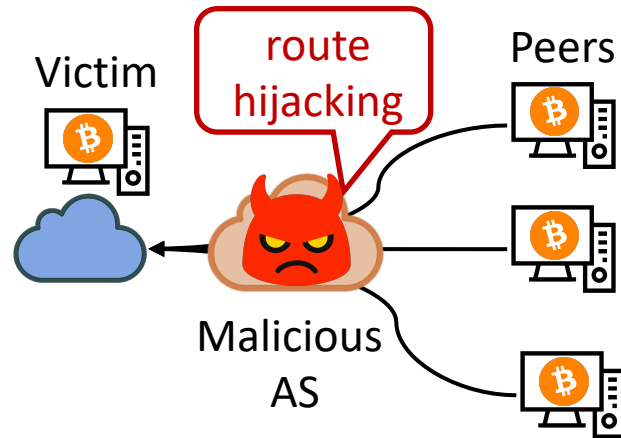
 Fireice UK @fireice\_uk · Nov 5, 2020  
If your #monero transaction was stuck in the mempool for a few minutes. I have some bad news - that means it was intercepted by BADCACA

# *Most of* partitioning attacks have been *effectively mitigated*



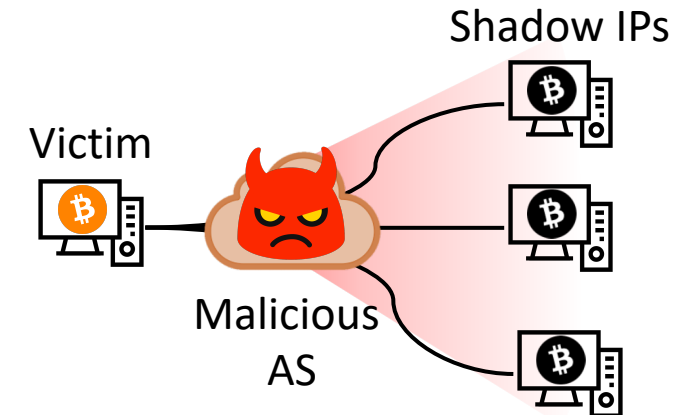
## **Botnet-based** eclipse attack:

- ✓ Heilman et al. [USENIX Security'15]
- ✓ Attack is **impossible** with up-to-date Bitcoin clients



## **Route hijacking** attack:

- ✓ Apostolaki et al. [IEEE S&P'17]
- ✓ Attack is **detectable** and **attributable**

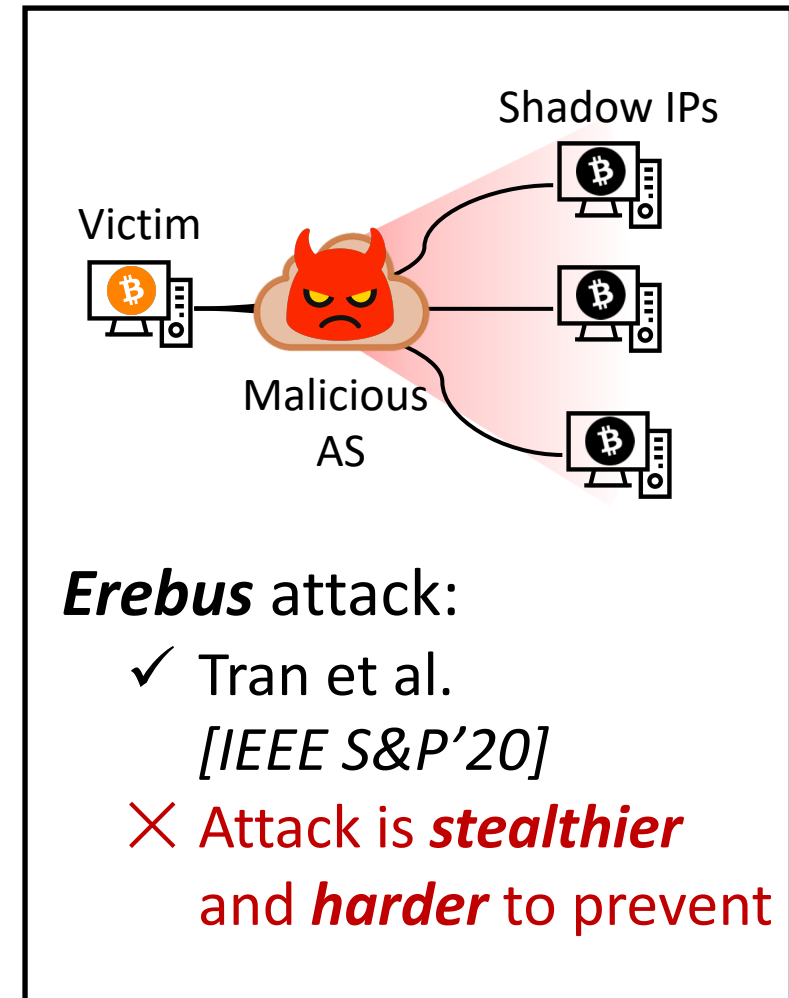


## **Erebus** attack:

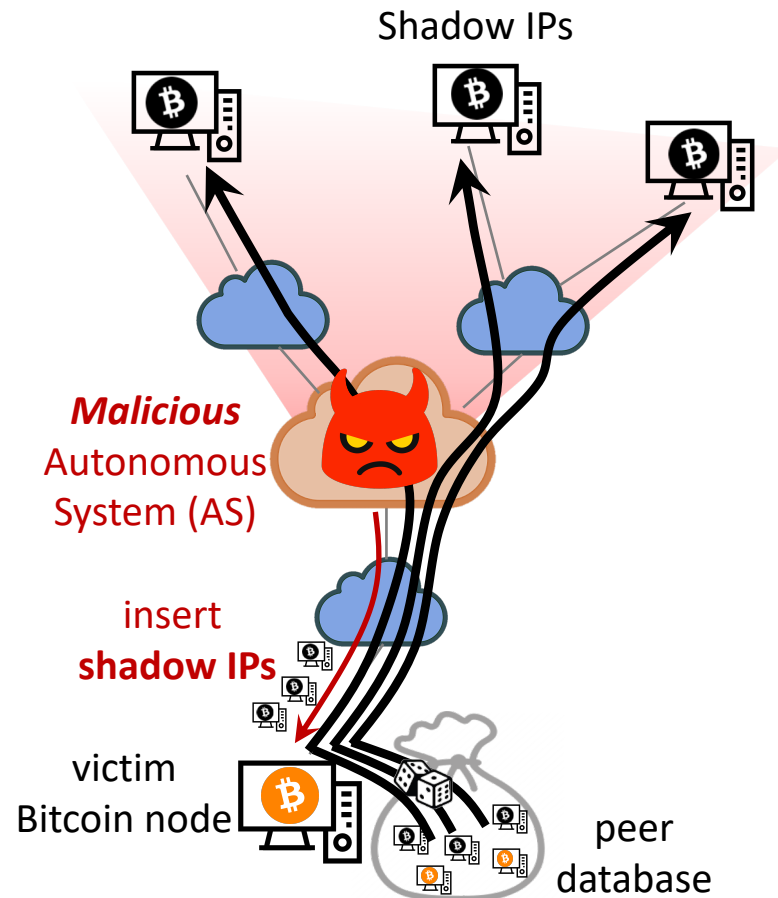
- ✓ Tran et al. [IEEE S&P'20]
- ✗ Attack is **stealthier** and **harder** to prevent

# *Most of* partitioning attacks have been *effectively mitigated* (cont.)

*What are practical countermeasures to Erebus attack?*



# Erebus: a “*network-eclipse*” attack in Bitcoin



- Malicious AS *spoofs* peer identities using IPs behind herself (a.k.a. *shadow IPs*)
- Attacker *slowly inserts* shadow IPs into victim’s database and waits
- Attacker becomes *the man-in-the-middle* of all peer connections of the victim

=> Victim is *eclipsed!*

The *Erebus attack* (Tran et al. [IEEE S&P’20])

# Countering Erebus is *challenging*

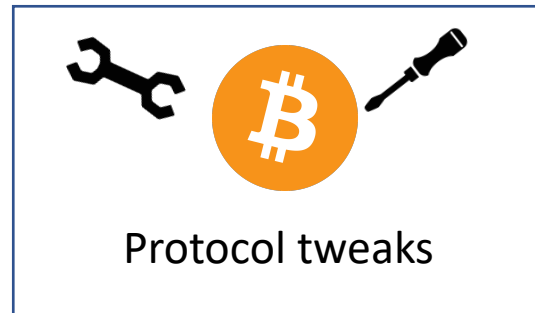
- **Network** adversary exploits the *permissionless nature* of Bitcoin P2P:
  - ✓ **Millions** of shadow IPs can be found
    - => Victim nodes are *eventually eclipsed* by shadow IPs!
- Some approaches for *countermeasures* against Erebus attacks:

## Workaround



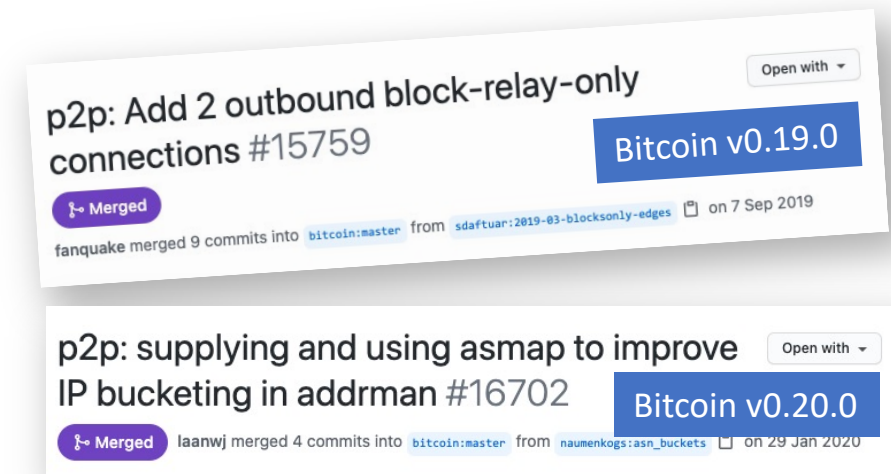
*Relying on external services*

## Quick fixes



Protocol tweaks

*Not complete solutions*

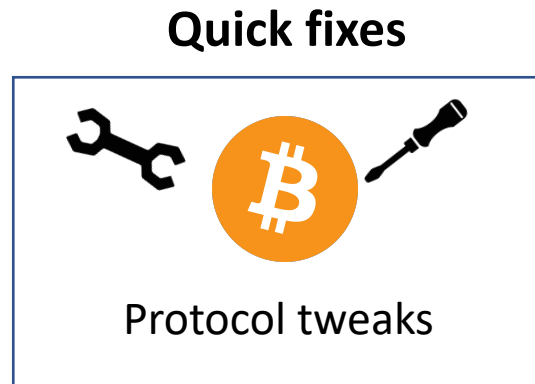


# Countering Erebus is *challenging* (cont.)

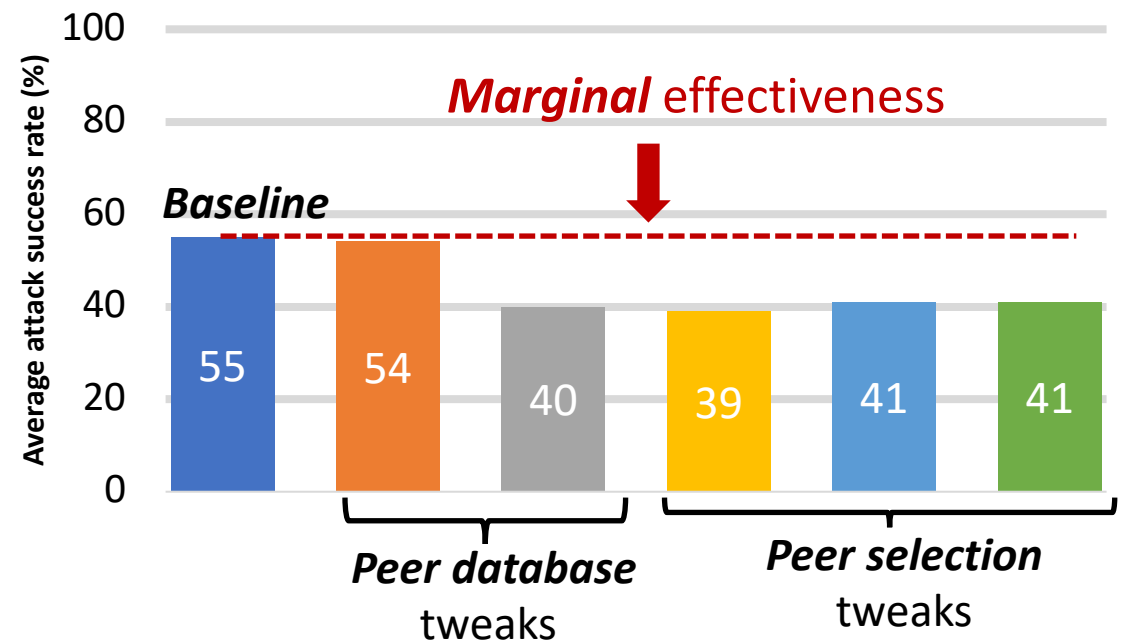
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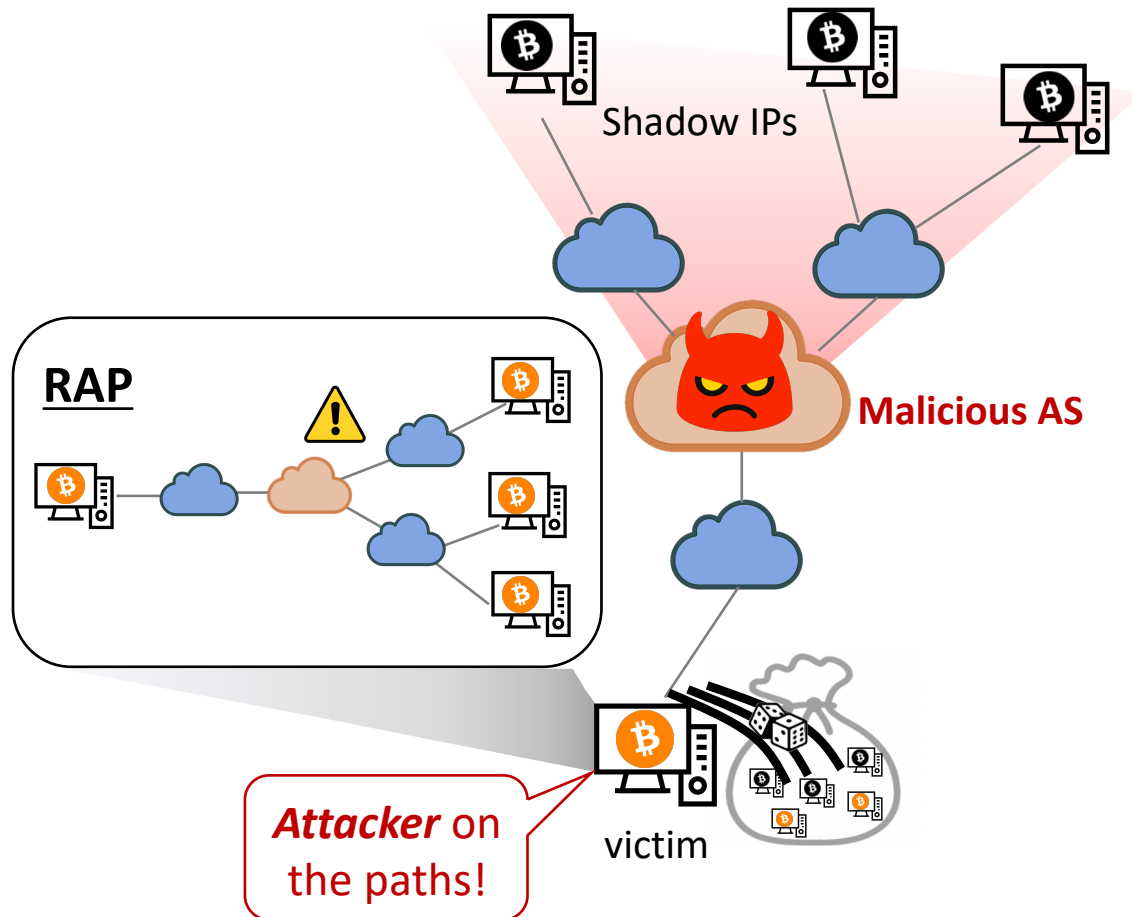
*Relying on external services*



*Not complete solutions*



# A *known* solution to network-based attacks: **Route-Aware Peering**

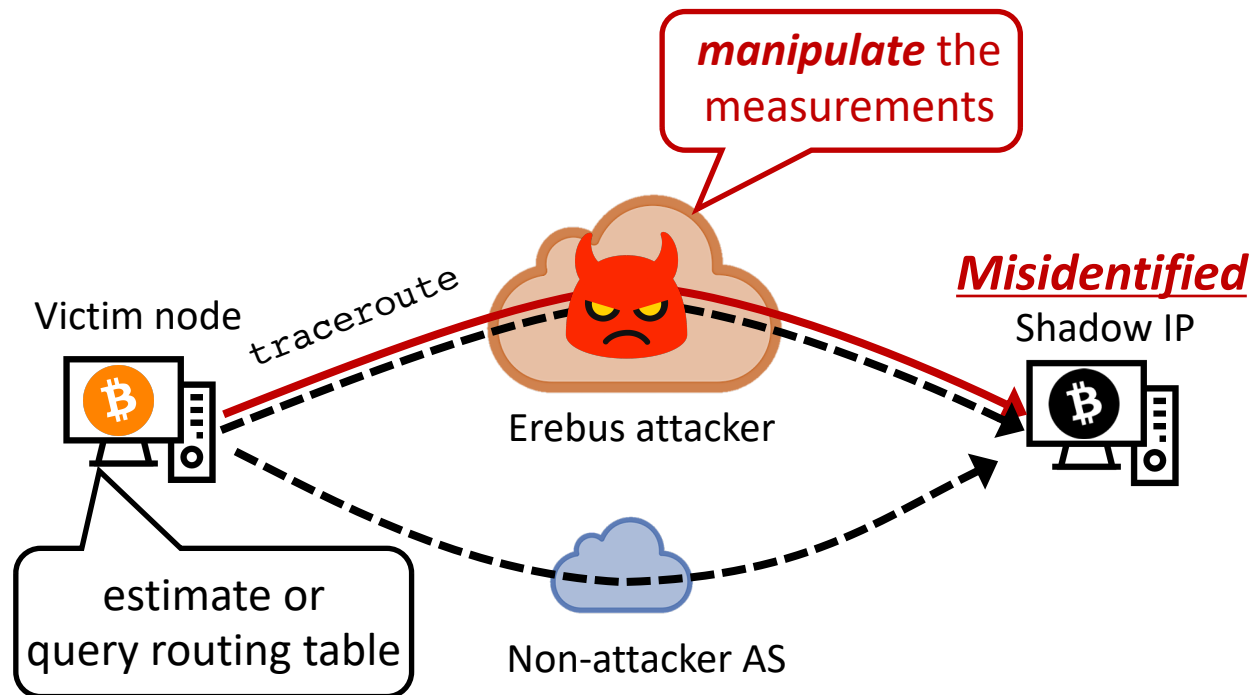


- **Route-Aware Peering (RAP):**
  - ✓ is *frequently used* to avoid on-path network adversaries:
    - ❖ LASTor [IEEE S&P'12]
    - ❖ Counter-RAPTOR [IEEE S&P'17]
    - ❖ ...
  - ✓ peers are selected based on the *routing paths* to the peers

Can RAP *prevent* Erebus attacks? **No**, we found a *subtle* problem!

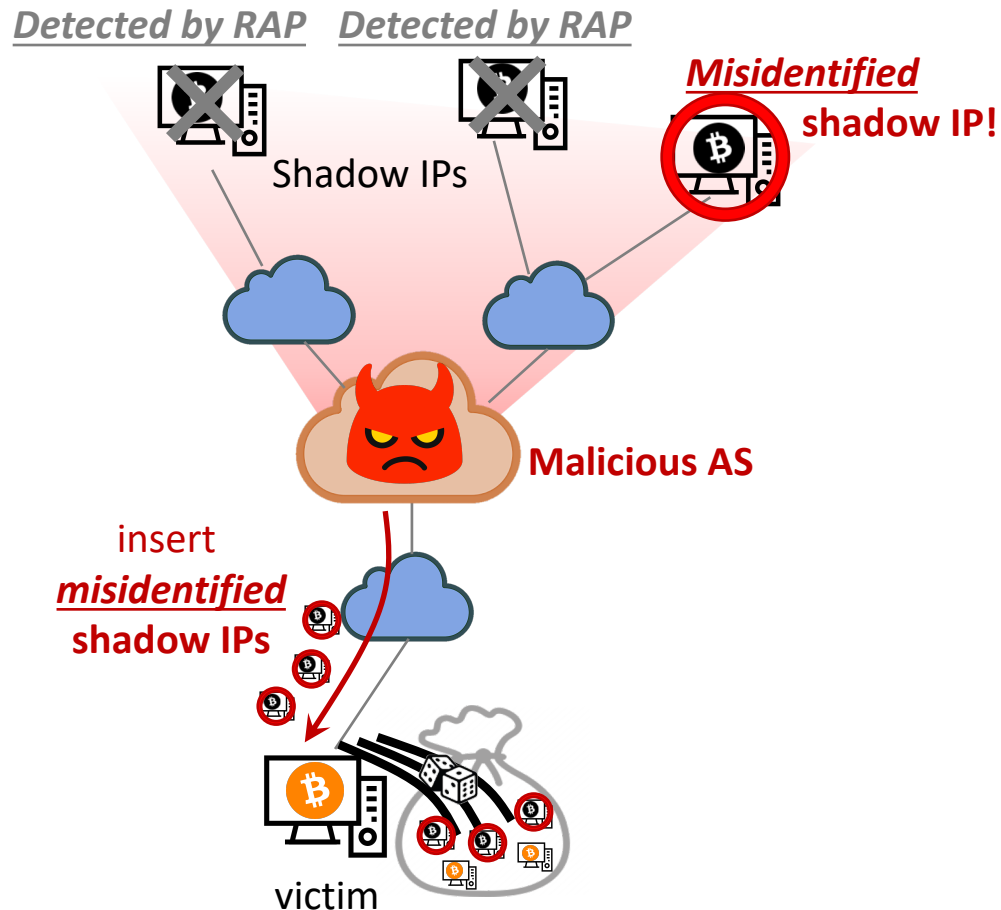


# *The Devil is in the details:* **Non-idealities** of RAP implementations



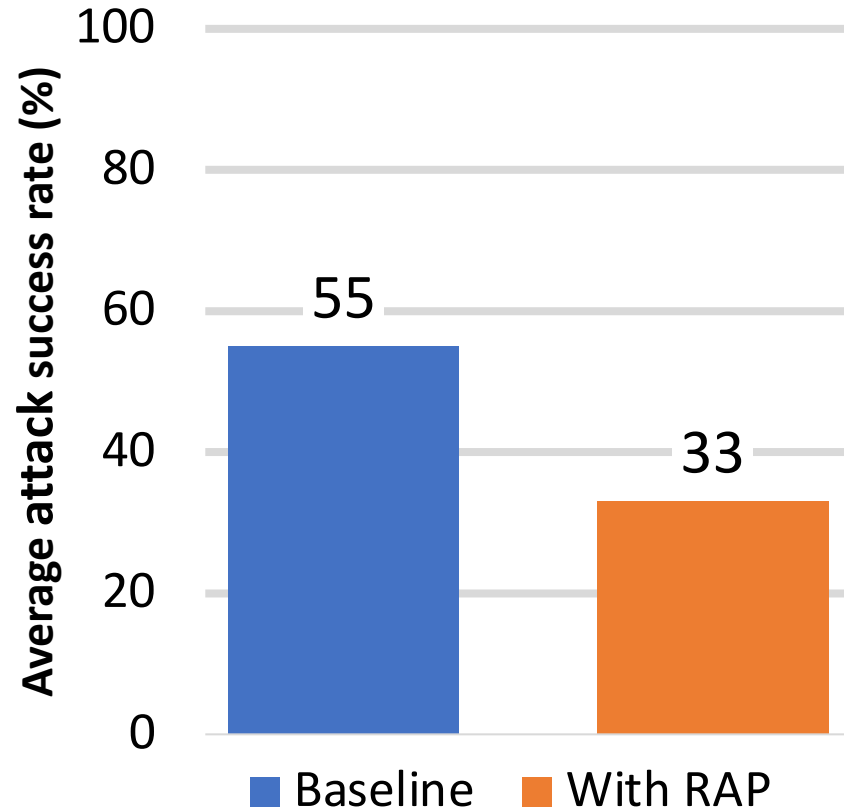
- RAP can get the *routing paths* to the peers by:
  - ✓ *Measuring the traffic* routes  
=> Results can be *manipulated!*
  - ✓ *Estimating the forwarding* routes  
=> Shadow IPs can be *misidentified!*
- Misidentified shadow IPs can be *exploited* by **RAP-aware** Erebus!

# Smarter attacker uses *only misidentified shadow IPs*



- Attacker selects misidentified shadow IPs *in advance*
    - ✓ By *emulating* the best RAP implementation by the victim
- => Insert *only* misidentified shadow IPs

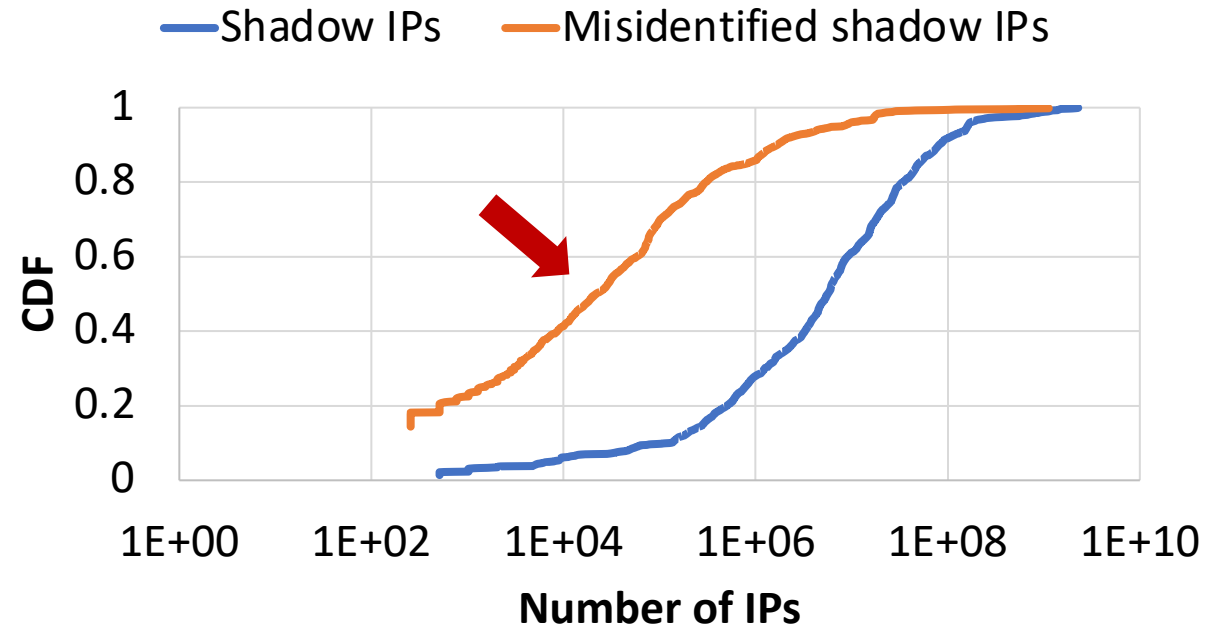
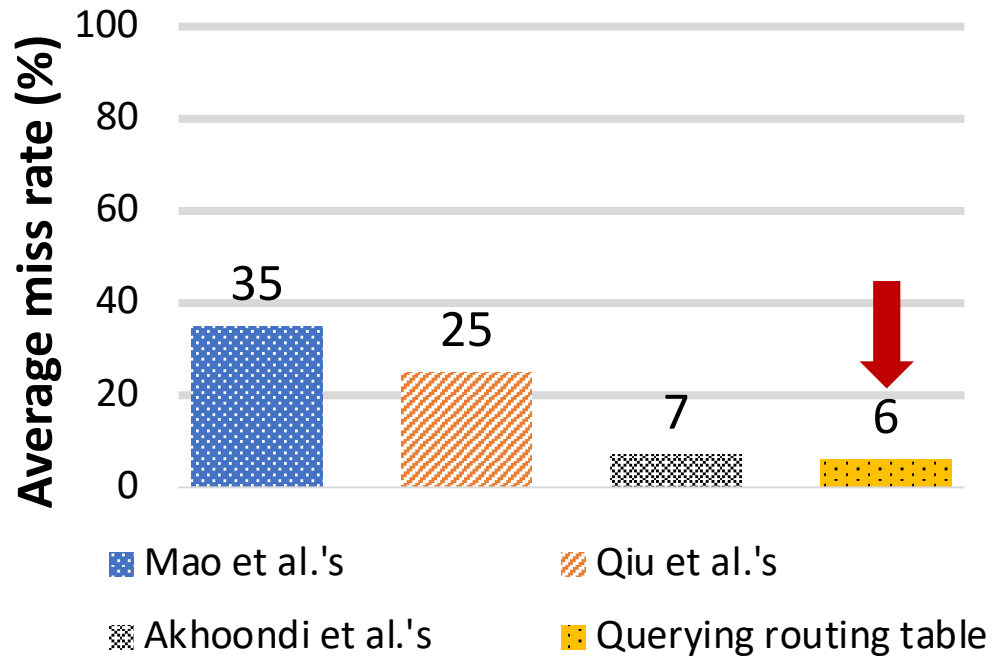
# Can RAP *prevent* this smarter Erebus?



- Experiment setup:
  - ✓ ~**6,000** attack scenarios
  - ✓ Attacker: **top-100 ASes**
  - ✓ Victim: **59 locations globally**
    - ❖ popular cloud networks

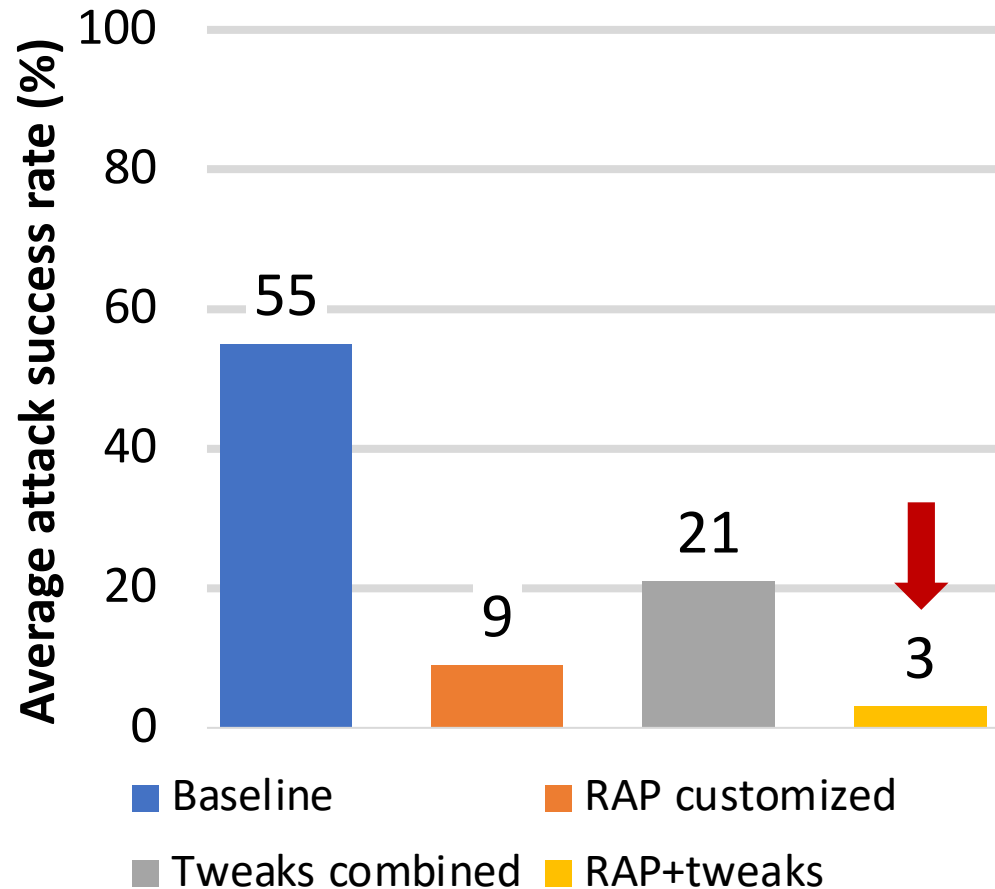
RAP alone is *insufficient!*

# Why does RAP *not work* in Bitcoin?



- Even *state-of-the-art* route estimation implementations are *imperfect*  
=> **At least 6%** of shadow IPs are *misidentified!*  
=> Attacker can easily find *tens of thousands* of spoofed peer identities!

# Making the best of available solutions



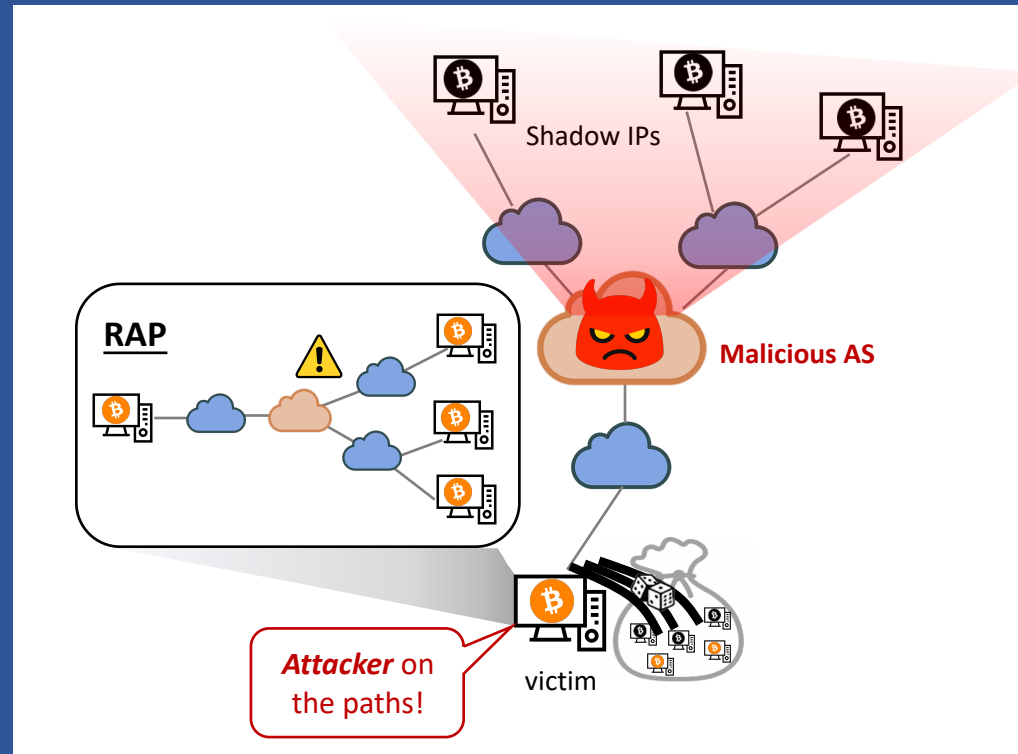
- RAP must be *customized* to each Bitcoin node's *topology location* (please see our paper for details)
- *Extensive evaluation* for *all* possible combination of tweaks is needed
- RAP + tweaks is *the most effective* defense (*so far*)

# Conclusions

- Routing-Aware Peering (RAP) alone is ***insufficient*** to prevent Erebus:
  - ✓ ***No perfect, error-free*** route estimation for RAP in practice
  - ✓ ***Smarter*** Erebus attacker can exploit RAP's weakness
- ***Most*** Bitcoin nodes ***can be protected*** from Erebus attacks:
  - ✓ RAP must be ***customized*** for each node
  - ✓ RAP must be ***combined*** with available protocol tweaks
- Updates on ***deployments*** of RAP and other protocol tweaks:  
<https://erebus-attack-countermeasures.github.io/>



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